Clamping HETAS Stove Safety HETAS IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE GLAMPING ASSOCIATION Light Clamping Association Clamping Association

HOW TO LIGHT THE WOOD BURNING STOVE

Remember to ask the site manager for a demonstration if you are still unsure:

- 1) **Prepare the wood burning stove** open the air controls fully to ensure the fire gets the air supply it needs.
- 2) Open the appliance door place firelighters or dry kindling on the grate.
- 3) Light the firelighters then leave the door slightly ajar to help start an initial burn. Do not leave the stove unattended when the door is open.
- 4) Once the kindling is burning well add larger pieces of dry wood but do not overfill the firebox.
- 5) Shut the door then adjust the air controls to a setting that suits you, making sure you follow the appliance manufacturer's guidance. Sit back and enjoy.

Add larger pieces of wood when necessary: each refuel should take place on a bed of glowing embers in the firebed. If there are too few embers then add more kindling. **Always** use a glove or tool to open the appliance door if it is hot.

BEFORE USING THE STOVE

✓ Do not burn freshly gathered "green", wet wood. Woodsure Ready to Burn logs and briquettes have 20% moisture content or less. Find a local stockist at:

www.woodsure.co.uk/wood-fuel-suppliers

- ✓ Keep all combustibles, including logs, at a safe distance from a the stove and hearth. **Do not** place combustibles in the hearth area at any time.
- ✓ Appliances will get hot keep children a safe distance away when the appliance is in use.
- ✓ **Do not** "turn down the stove for the night" / slumber the appliance this can cause more smoke and increase the risk of spillage.
- ✓ Do not keep the appliance doors open whilst it is in use or during the night.



INFORMATION TO STAY SAFE

If you suspect fumes are escaping from the appliance or the CO alarm activates:

- ✓ close the appliance air controls (to turn it off)
- ventilate the area open any tent flaps, doors or windows
- ✓ leave the property immediately

Contact the site manager. **Do not** return until the appliance has been extinguished and you have been told it is safe to do so. **Do not** use the appliance again until the cause of spillage has been found and fixed.

Early symptoms of carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning can be similar to many common ailments:

- Headaches
- Stomach pains
- Nausea
- Drowsiness
- Erratic behaviour
- Dizziness

- Visual problems
- Chest pains
- Tiredness
- Vomiting
- Loss of consciousness

If you feel unwell call NHS Direct on 111 or if urgent phone 999 for an ambulance.